

SECTION A-A

FLOW COARSE AGGREGATE #5

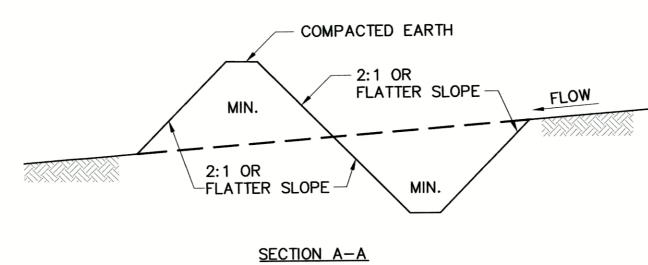
GEOTEXTILE APRON

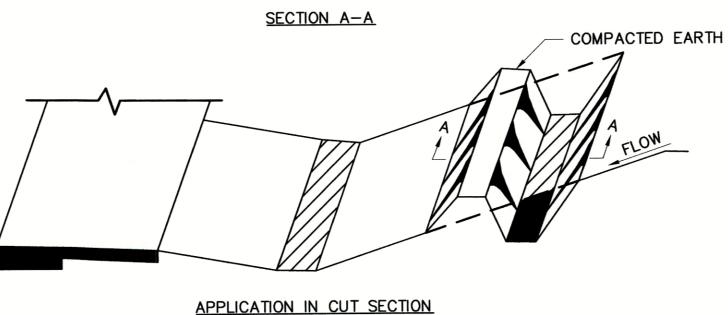
TEMPORARY CHECK DAM

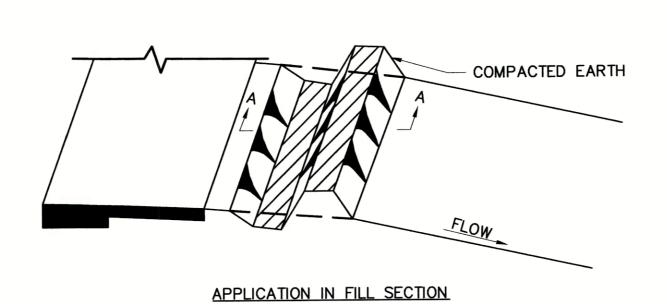
1. RIPRAP DITCH CHECK DAMS SHALL BE SPACED SUCH THAT THE TOPOF THE DOWNSTREAM CHECK DAM IS AT THE SAME ELEVATION AS THE TOE OF THE ADJACENT UPSTREAM CHECK DAM.

<u>PLAN</u>

- 2. THE VOLUME OF COARSE AGGREGATE #5 IS 1/27[a + 3(b+c)], CYS.
- 3. THE AREA OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC IS 1/9[12 +21(b+c)]. SYS.





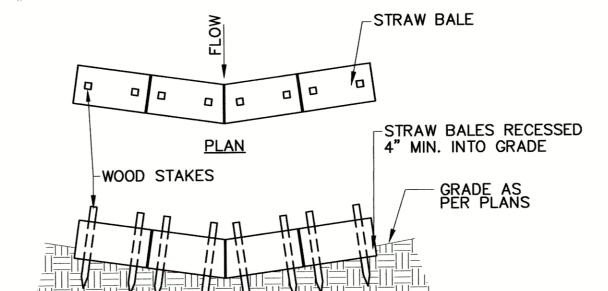


DIVERSION DITCH DETAIL

AS-BUILT REVISION

DESCRIPTION

REVISIONS



ELEVATION

STRAW BALE FILTER

STRAW BALE FILTER

- 1. ALL BALES SHOULD ALL BE EITHER WIRE—BOUND OR STRING—TIED. STRAW BALES SHOULD BE INSTALLED SO THAT BINDINGS ARE ORIENTED AROUND THE SIDES RATHER THAN ALONG THE TOPS AND BOTTOMS OF THE BALES TO PREVENT DETERIORATION OF THE BINDINGS.
- THE BARRIER SHOULD BE ENTRENCHED AND BACKFILLED. A TRENCH SHOULD BE EXCAVATED THE WIDTH OF A BALE AND THE LENGTH OF THE PROPOSED BARRIER TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 4 INCHES. AFTER THE BALES ARE STAKED AND CHINKED, THE EXCAVATED SOIL SHOULD BE BACKFILLED AGAINST THE BARRIER. BACKFILL SOIL SHOULD CONFORM TO THE GROUND LEVEL ON THE DOWNHILL SIDE AND SHOULD BE BUILT UP TO 4 INCHES AGAINST THE UPHILL SIDE OF THE BARRIER.
- 3. EACH BALE SHOULD BE SECURELY ANCHORED BY AT LEAST TWO STAKES OF WOOD OR STEEL DRIVEN THROUGH THE BALE. THE FIRST STAKE IN EACH BALE SHOULD BE DRIVEN TOWARD THE PREVIOUSLY LAID BALE TO FORCE THE BALES TOGETHER. STAKES SHOULD BE DRIVEN DEEP ENOUGH INTO THE GROUND TO SECURELY ANCHOR THE BALES.
- 4. THE GAPS BETWEEN BALES SHOULD BE CHINKED (FILLED BY WEDGING) WITH STRAW TO PREVENT WATER FROM ESCAPING BETWEEN THE BALES.
- 5. INSPECTION SHOULD BE FREQUENT AND REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE MADE PROMPTLY AS NEEDED.
- 6. STRAW BALE BARRIERS SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFULNESS, BUT NOT BEFORE THE UPSLOPE AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- 7. IN SHEET FLOW APPLICATIONS, BALES SHOULD BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW, LENGTHWISE ON THE CONTOUR, WITH ENDS OF ADJACENT BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.

IN CHANNEL FLOW APPLICATIONS, BALES SHOULD BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW, LENGTHWISE, ORIENTED PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR, WITH ENDS OF ADJACENT BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER. THE BARRIER SHOULD BE EXTENDED TO SUCH A LENGTH THAT THE BOTTOMS OF THE END BALES ARE HIGHER IN ELEVATION THAN THE TOP OF THE LOWEST MIDDLE BALE TO ASSURE THAT SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF WILL BE TRAPPED.

SEASONAL SOIL PROTECTION CHART

- A = 40% FINE LAWN FESCUE; 25% CHEWING FESCUE; 20% ITALIAN RYE GRASS; 10% RED TOP; 5% WHITE COVER AT 3LBS PER 1000 SQ. FT. PLUS 3 TONS STRAW MULCH/ACRE
- B = KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 60 LBS/ACRE; CREEPING RED FESCUE 60 LBS/ACRE, PLUS 3 TONS STRAW MULCH/ACRE, OR ADD ANNUAL RYEGRASS 30 LBS/ACRE.
- C = SPRING OATS 3 BUSHEL/ACRE
 D = WHEAT OR RYE 2 BUSHEL/ACRE
- E = ANNUAL RYEGRASS 40 LBS/ACRE. (1 LB/1000 SQ. FT.)
- F = SOD

MAY 2006 SM

DATE BY

- G = STRAW MULCH 3 TONS/ACRE (ANCHORED)
- *//I//* IRRIGATION NEEDED DURING JUNE, JULY, AND/OR SEPTEMBER.
- ** IRRIGATION NEEDED FOR 2 TO 3 WEEKS AFTER APPLYING SOD.

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION THE SITE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUB—CONTRACTORS SHALL EXERCISE MEASURES TO PREVENT THE EROSION OF SOILS DUE TO THE ACTION OF WATER AND WIND. THE CONTRACTORS SHALL USE THE FOLLOWING MEASURES TO ACCOMPLISH THIS OBJECTIVE:

A. SURFACE PROTECTION

- 1. CLEARING SHALL BE LIMITED SO AS TO EXPOSE THE SMALLEST POSSIBLE AREA OF LAND FOR THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME.
- 2. EXPOSED AREAS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY GRADED AND PROTECTED WITH TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT COVER, SUCH AS SOD, SEED AND MULCH, CROWVETCH, LESPEDEZA OR CREEPER. NEWLY GRADED CHANNELS OR STEEP SLOPES WILL REQUIRE THE USE OF FIBROUS MATTING, NETTING OF SEEDED AND MULCHED AREAS, OR THE STAKING OR SHINGLING OF SOD WHILE VEGETATION IS BECOMING ESTABLISED.

B. RUN-OFF CONTROL

LONG AND/OR STEEP SLOPES WILL REQUIRE CONTOUR BENCHING AND FURROWING, OR BERMS TO REDUCE RUN—OFF VELOCITIES.

C. SEDIMENT TRAPPING

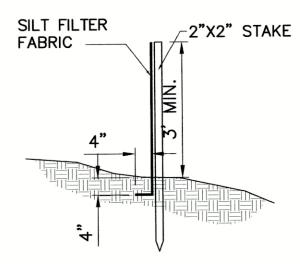
- 1. THE TRAPPING OF ERODED PARTICLES WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THE DIVERSION OF RUN-OFF TO SEDIMENT BASINS, EXCAVATION TRAPS, BERMS, STAKED HAY BALES, OR FLOATING SILT CURTAINS.
- THE PROPOSED RETENTION AND/OR DETENTION POND(S) ALONG WITH ANY ENVIRONMENTAL BERM(S)/REAR YARD SWALE(S) SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FIRST. THE POND(S) AND OUTFALL STRUCT—URE(S) MUST BE COMPLETE AND OPERATIONAL PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY IMPERVIOUS SURFACE.
- TRAPPING DEVICES SHALL BE PERIODICALLY INSPECTED DURING DRY PERIODS AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT BY THE SITE CONTRACTOR. TRAPPING DEVICES SHALL BE REPLACED IF DETERMINED TO BE INCAPABLE OF PERFORMING INTENDED FUNCTION OF SEDIMENT TRAPPING.
- 4. TRAPPING DEVICES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL A VEGETA— TIVE COVER HAS ESTABLISHED SUFFICIENTLY TO STABILIZE THE SOILS AND PREVENT EROSION.

D. SOIL MOISTURE

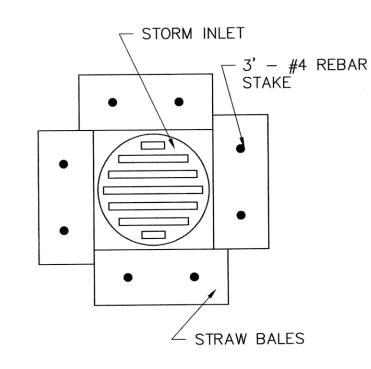
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE AVAILABLE ON THE CONSTRUCTION SITE A WATER SOURCE CAPABLE OF APPLYING WATER TO DRY EXPOSED SOIL IN ORDER TO PREVENT WIND EROSION. THE APPLICATION RATE AND MANNER SHALL BE SUCH THAT SOIL MOISTURE IS ATTAINED AND NO SURFACE RUN-OFF IS CREATED.

E. RESPONSIBILITY

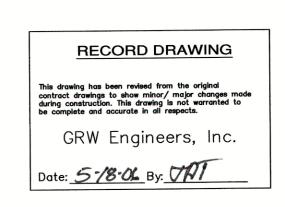
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE HELD RESPONSIBLE UNTIL THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION IS ISSUED. AFTER THAT, THE OWNER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE STORMWATER COLLECTION AND DETENTION SYSTEM.



SILT FENCE DETAIL



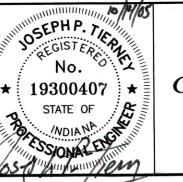
INLET PROTECTION
N.T.S



FALL CREEK REGIONAL WASTE DISTRICT
PENDLETON, INDIANA
INGALLS FORCE MAIN REPLACEMENT

EROSION CONTROL DETAIL SHEET

GRW PROJECT NO. 3290-12





DRAWN:

JJG

OCTOBER 2005

FILE NAME:

3290_C-07.dwg

CHECKED:

JPT

APPROVED:

JPT

DATE:

OCTOBER 2005

SCALE:

NOT TO SCALE

SHEET NO.

C-07